



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI NAPOLI
FEDERICO II

itee_{PhD}
information technology
electrical engineering



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PhD Riccardo Corvi


Synthetic Image Detection

Tutor: Luisa Verdoliva

Cycle: XXXVIII

Year: First

My background

- **MSc degree** in Computer Engineering – Università degli Studi di Napoli Federico II
- **Research group:** GRIP (Image Processing Research Group)
- **PhD start date:** 01/11/2022
- **Scholarship type:** UNINA - DII, DISCOVER project, funded by DARPA under the SEMAFOR program
- **Cooperation:**  **NVIDIA.**

Research field of interest

- **Multimedia Forensics:**
 - Development of techniques for the forensic analysis of images, audios and videos
- **Synthetic Image Detection:**
 - Identify if an image is AI generated or not
- **Source attribution:**
 - Trace the generative model that synthesized the image



Images generated using Midjourney (downloaded from Twitter)

Summary of study activities

	Courses	Seminars	Research	Tutorship
Total	21	5.6	31	0
Expected	20 - 40	5 - 10	10 - 35	0 - 1.6

State-of-the-art analysis in synthetic image detection and attribution

- **PhD courses:**

- “Using Deep Learning Properly” (Dr. Andrea Apicella)

- “How to boost your PhD” (Prof. Antigone Marino)

- “Statistical Multimedia Security and Forensics”- University of Trento (Prof. Fernando Perez-Gonzalez)

- **MSc courses:**

- “Visione per Sistemi Robotici” (Dr. Davide Cozzolino)

- **Conference:**

- IEEE International Workshop on Information Forensics 2022 (Online), 13/12/2022 -16/12/2022

- IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing (ICASSP), Rhodes, 06/06/2023 - 10/06/2023

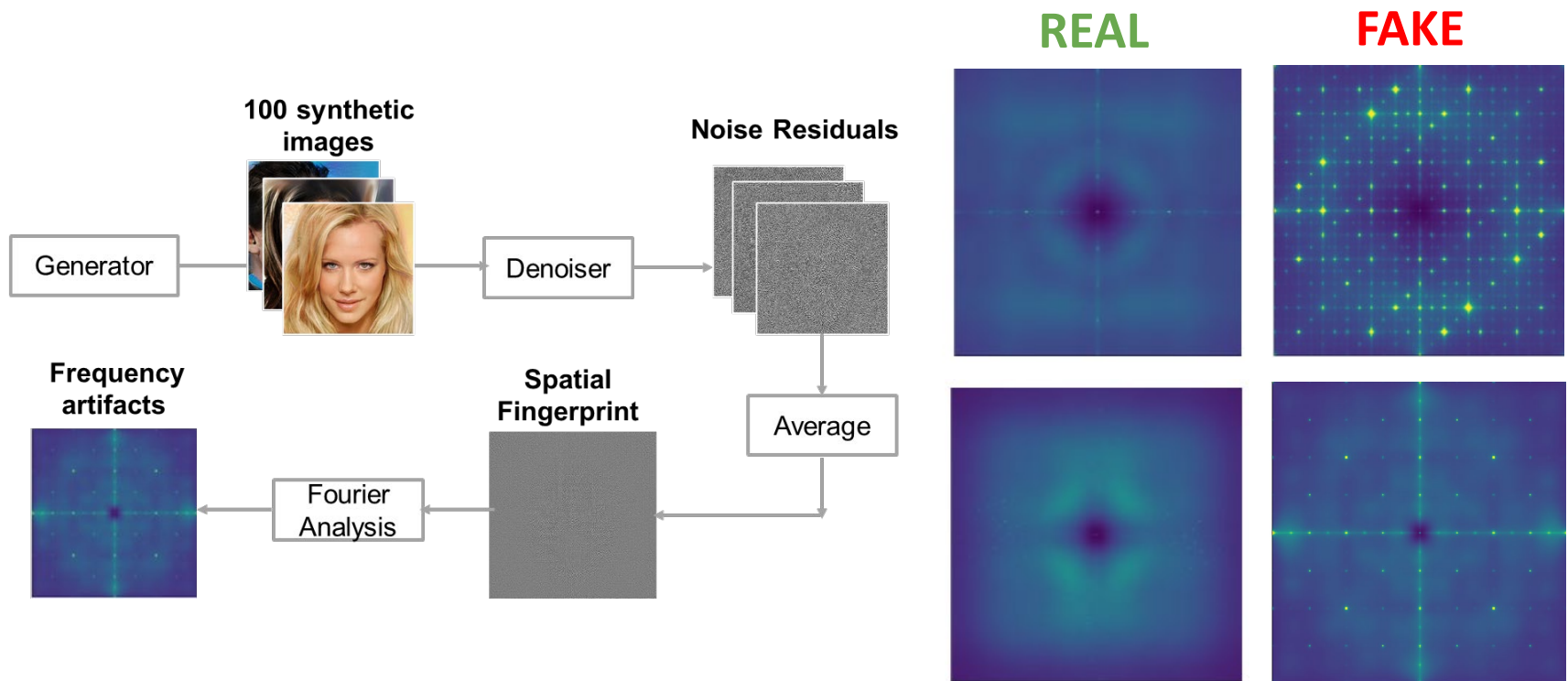


Research activity: Overview

- Problem
 - Easy access to **generative AI** allows to easily spread disinformation over the web
 - The advent of new types of synthetic generators has led to **generalization** being one of the main challenge
- Objective
 - Analyze low level **forensic artifacts** hidden in synthetic images to gain insight into the most discriminative features
 - Develop a synthetic image detector that can **generalize** across different AI-based models

Research activity: Methodology

- We extracted the artifacts in the spatial and frequency domain by computing the power spectra of noise residuals



Research activity: Methodology

- We designed a deep learning-based detector that
 - aims at preserving such artifacts as much as possible
 - is robust to post-processing operations (compression, resizing)
- We trained on a single model to check for generalization

AUC	Train: Generative Adversarial Network (ProGAN)	Train: Diffusion Model (Latent DM)
Model 1 (GAN)	97.1	84.4
Model 2 (GAN)	94.9	95.6
Model 1 (DM)	72.8	85.9
Model 2 (DM)	91.6	93.1

Code available at: <https://github.com/grip-unina/DMimageDetection> (130 stars, 12 forks)

Products

[P1]	<p>Conference Paper</p> <p>R. Corvi, D. Cozzolino, G. Zingarini, G. Poggi, K. Nagano, L. Verdoliva, "On the detection of synthetic images generated by diffusion models", <i>IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing (ICASSP)</i>, Rhodes, June 2023</p> <p>Award: Top 3% Paper Recognition</p>
[P2]	<p>Workshop Paper</p> <p>R. Corvi, D. Cozzolino, G. Poggi, K. Nagano, L. Verdoliva. "Intriguing properties of synthetic images: from generative adversarial networks to diffusion models", <i>IEEE Workshop on Media Forensics at CVPR</i>, Vancouver, June 2023</p>

Next Year

- Develop an attribution method to identify the specific generative architecture (from a binary to N-ary classification task)
- Expand such analysis to an open set scenario where the number of models are not known in advance

Thank you for the attention!